

copyright

an exclusive right to publish, copy, publically perform, broadcast, or adapt sounds, words or visual images

cyberbullying

harassment using digital media such as websites, email, chat rooms, social networking pages or instant messaging

cyberspace

the environment in which electronic communication occurs; the culture of the internet

cyberstalking

repeated harassment using email, text-messaging or other digital media with the intention of causing fear or intimidation

digital dossier

all the types of information about a person that he or she has deliberately or unintentionally put onto the internet

disinhibition effect

the tendency to say and do things in cyberspace that the person wouldn't ordinarily say or do face-to-face

extradition

the handing over of a person accused of a crime by the authorities of the country where he or she has taken refuge to the authorities of the country where the crime was committed

internet

a global network of interconnected computer networks that allows users to obtain and share information in a number of ways

internet service providers (ISPs)

companies that offer customers access to the internet

laissez-faire

economic philosophies that government should not interfere in business

libertarians

people who advocate minimal government control or interference in the lives of individuals

online predators

people with malicious intent, such as sex offenders, pedophiles, who give false and misleading identities with the aim of enticing their victims into harmful encounters online or in real life

patents

rights granted for any device, substance, method or process which is new, inventive or useful

racial hatred

abuse or denigration of a person because of his or her race, or verbal abuse or denigration of a race generally

terrorism

the unofficial or unauthorized use of violence and intimidation in the pursuit of political aims