

Geography 6 People and Economic Activity - Part 2

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1. monoculture	within agricultural nations, the practice of producing a single crop or type of livestock on a farm
multinational corporations	the large international business organisations which operate at global levels with branches, offices, factories and finance across the entire world
3. national scale	the study of a resource, ecosystem or other geographical phenomena from the point of view of a single nation
 newly industrialised nations 	those countries which were formally classified as developing, which have become major industrial producers e.g.Taiwan
5. The North	an alternate term for the developed countries of the world
 periphery industrial production 	the growth of important manufacturing regions in part of the developing world e.g. Korea
7. plantation agriculture	a system of large scale agriculture, usually in the tropics, in which one or two crops are grown with foreign capital and expertise using cheap local or imported often slave, labour
8. political factors	the causes of either environmental preservation or destruction linked to government decisions such as zoning, access, planning etc.
9. resort hotel	a production unit in the service industry which supplies recreational facilities as well as accommodation
10. service sector	that part of the economy involved in the distribution and consumption of goods and services with related administrative and commercial activities
11. The South	an alternate term for the developing countries of the world
12. technological factors	causes or reasons for change involving new types of tools, machinery and equipment
13. trade agreement	a treaty or document signed by several nations or groups of producers to agree on common practices of marketing within a prescribed area
14. trade barriers	a regional decision to limit trade to those within the region and exclude traders from other areas e.g. the European Union
15. trade triangle	a controlled system for the production and marketing of certain products in which there is a division of certain stages of the production process between various nations or areas

16. tropical cash crops

plant species from tropical regions such as coffee, sugar cane and coconuts mass produced for commercial sale