

cardiopulmonary  
resuscitation (CPR)

a life-sustaining procedure that uses rescue breathing and chest compressions to stimulate blood flow and oxygen delivery when a person has stopped breathing or their heart has stopped beating

chest compressions

downward thrusts on the centre of the chest that stimulate blood flow to vital organs in the body

defibrillator

a device that provides an electric shock to a patient whose heart has stopped beating

hepatitis

a disease that causes varying degrees of inflammation and subsequent damage to the liver

rescue breath

a breath given to a patient who is not breathing; the breath will take one second to deliver and will make the patient's chest rise